## 1-13. (CANCELED)

- 14. (NEW) An oil-guiding shaft (1, 8), with an inner shaft space (35) coaxial with or axis-parallel to a longitudinal axis (34) of the shaft and a means arranged in the inner shaft space (35) for dividing the inner shaft space into at least two oil-guiding ducts separated from one another, the at least two oil-guiding ducts being formed as open ducts (3, 4, 5, 9, 10, 11, 12) open along a length on an inside wall (2) of the shaft (1, 8) and being separated and sealed from one another by a tube (6, 13) inserted into the inner shaft space (35), the open ducts (3, 4, 5, 9, 10, 11, 12) formed in the shaft (1, 8) are formed by non-concentric bores whose cross-sections overlap.
- 15. (NEW) The shaft according to claim 14, wherein the open ducts (3, 4, 5, 9, 10, 11, 12) are formed by one of a boring tool and al-round press-forming of the shaft (1, 8).
- 16. (NEW) The shaft according to claim 14, wherein the open ducts (3, 4, 5, 9, 10, 11, 12) have one of a circular and a groove-shaped cross-section geometry.
- 17. (NEW) The shaft according to claim 14, wherein the open ducts (3, 4, 5, 9, 10, 11, 12) are arranged in the shaft (1, 8) such that longitudinal axes of the open ducts (3, 4, 5, 9, 10, 11, 12) all lie in a single plane (36).
- 18. (NEW) The shaft according to claims 14, wherein at least two of the open ducts (10, 11) are arranged relative to a further open duct (9) such that a longitudinal axis of the first open duct and a longitudinal axis of the second open duct (11) lie in different planes.
- 19. (NEW) The shaft according to claim 14, wherein at least one radial lubricant bore (7) is formed in the shaft (1, 8), which leads from one of a lubricant source and from a lubricant consumer to the tube (6, 13).
- 20. (NEW) The shaft according to claim 14, wherein at least one end of the tube (6, 13) has a connection section (19, 20), with which the tube (6, 13) is one of supported and mounted on a wall (2, 15) of the inner shaft space and which seals the ducts (3 to 5; 9 to 12) from one another.
- 21. (NEW) The shaft according to claim 14, wherein the tube (6, 13) has one of a cylindrical, a star-shaped, a three-sided and a rectangular cross-section geometry with an at least partially circular outer periphery.
- 22. (NEW) The shaft according to claim 14, wherein the tube (6, 13) is formed as one of a hollow and a solid section.

- 23. (NEW) The shaft according to claim 22, wherein an inside space of the tube (6, 13), formed as a hollow section, constitutes one of the ducts (4, 12).
- 24. (NEW) The shaft according to claim 14, wherein the shaft (1, 8) has radial bores (37, 38) leading to the ducts (3 to 5; 9 to 12) through which a pressure medium can one of be fed and emerge from the ducts (3 to 5; 9 to 12).